The central governing body covering the entire education system is the Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports (MVYS) which formulates strategic documents and proposes the relevant legislation.

**Higher Education**

Bachelor and Master programmes are open to independent creative activities in research holders and focus on scientific research and ISCED 6) are designed for Master degree the study programmes (e.g. Ing., MUDr., skills; in artistic disciplines the focus is on the blocks. The academic year is 12 months and institutions are divided into semesters, years or time, or as distance education or in of programme may be studied full-time or part- include entry examinations. Admittance to entry requirements which, at most universities, "examination and meet the relevant

**Basic Education**

Nursery schools, basic, secondary and post-vocational subjects. Practical training takes place in school laboratories and workshops. Střední odborné učiliště (secondary technical education) the studies last (secondary technical school), ISCED 3A, B, normally provides full course. Upon successful completion of the school director. Secondary education may be account for approximately 50 % of the tuition

**Pre-school, Basic, Secondary Education**

The programme may be the 9th year – a four-year Gymnázium level the student achieves: a) secondary education with a "diploma – DiS). Students pay tuition fees.

**Education System of the Czech Republic**

Basic facts about the country

- Population: 10.2 million
- Area: 78,864 km²
- Density of population: 130 inhabitants per km²
- Structure of employment:
  - agriculture 4.5 % (2003)
  - industry 39.4% (2003)
  - services 54.6% (2003)
- Average unemployment rate: 9.9% (2003)
- Number of pupils and students in 1993–2003: 
  - Basic schools
  - Secondary schools
  - Higher education institutions

**Highly qualified students**

A highly qualified student is defined as a student who has a high level of knowledge and skills in a particular field. In the Czech Republic, highly qualified students are recognized for their achievements and are often awarded scholarships or other forms of financial support. They are typically selected based on their academic performance and may be eligible for special opportunities in their field of study. These students are considered valuable assets to the country and are often encouraged to pursue careers in fields that are crucial for the nation's development.